### Vooropleiding Conservatorium





### De Heemgaard

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### Info en oefenen

https://www.heemgaardmuziek.nl/vooropleiding-artezconnected/

play.earz.nl/login (wachtwoord = hg33)

https://tonesavvy.com/

### Akkoordenoverzicht

Soort akkoord Notatiewijze	Notatiewijze	Tonen	Intervallen Voorbeeld	Voorbe	eld	
DRIEKLANKEN						
Majeur	C Cmaj	135	G3 + k3	CEG	D F# A	E G# B
Mineur	Cm Cmin C-	1 <i>b</i> 3 5	k3 + G3	C Eb G	DFA	F Ab C
Verminderd (diminished)	Cdim C <sup>o</sup>	1 b3 b5	k3 + k3	C Eb Gb	D F Ab	G Bb Db
Overmatig (augmented)	Caug C+	1 #3 #5	G3 + G3	C E G#	D F# A#	Bb D F#
Sus twee	Csus2	125	G2 + R4	CDG	DEA	F G C
Sus vier	Csus4	145	R4 + G2	CFG	DGA	F Bes C
VIERKLANKEN						
Dominant septiem	C7 Cdom7	1 3 5 <i>b</i> 7	G3 + k3 + k3	C E G Bb	D F# A C	GBDF
Majeur septiem	Cmaj7 CΔ	1 3 5 7	G3 + k3 + G3	CEGB	D F# A C#	A C# E G#
Mineur septiem	Cm7 Cmin7 C-7	1 <i>b</i> 3 5 <i>b</i> 7	k3 + G3 + k3	C Eb G Bb	D F A C	G Bb D F
Mineur majeur septiem	Cmmaj7 Cmin∆7 C-∆7	1 <i>b</i> 3 5 7	k3 + G3 + G3	C Eb G B	D F A C#	A C E G#
Half verminderd septiem	Cm7 <i>b</i> 5 C <sup>ø</sup> 7	1 b3 b5 b7	k3 + k3 + G3	C Eb Gb Bb	B D F A	A C Eb G
Verminderd septiem	Cdim7 Cº7	1 b3 b5 bb7	k3 + k3 + k3	C Eb Gb Bbb	B D F Ab	A C Eb Gb
Overmatig septiem	Стај7#5 СΔ#5	1 3 #5 7	G3 + G3 + k3	C E G# B	D F# A# C#	F A C# E



Of wil je horen hoe bovenstaande akkoorden klinken?

Meer septiem akkoorden leren kennen?

# Solfège toelatingseisen conservatorium

www.heemgaardmuziek.nl

play.earz.nl/login (inlog=naam / ww= hg33)

- Van blad tikken en ritme noteren
- Melodie noteren
- Van blad zingen (nummers, akkoorden en toonladders)
- Akkoordherkenning (majeur, mineur, overmatig, verminderd, dominant septiem, omkeringen)
- Akkoorden extra voor mediamusic: sus2, sus4, maj7, dom7, min7, min7b5
- Het kunnen treffen van een grondtoon, terts, kwint of septiem van een voorgespeelde samenklank
- Intervalherkenning tot en met decime (na elkaar gespeeld en samen gespeeld)
- Interval/akkoord kunnen zingen van een gegeven begintoon
- Maatsoort herkennen op gehoor
- ī Kennis van algemene muziekleer: zie VWO boekje de Heemgaard op www.heemgaardmuziek.nl en https://www.kaliberkunstenschool.nl/wp-content/uploads/2016/11/Theorie-Algemeen-CD2014.pdf voor de C en D theorie uitleg.

## De *cursieve* onderwerpen gelden alleen voor jazz / pop opleidingen

### NOTATIE

- bladmuziek, partij, partituur, akkoordenschema, leadsheet
- notenbalk en hulplijnen, g-sleutel/vioolsleutel, f-sleutel/bassleutel, systemen
- altsleutel (voor componisten, koor- en orkestdirigenten)
- noten, rusten, nootwaarde, waardestreep, puntering, overbinding
- maat, metrum, maatsoort (4/4, C, 2/2, alla breve, 2/4, 3/4, 6/8, 7/8), maatstreep, tempo
- hoofdaccent, nevenaccent, opmaat, syncope, duool, triool
- recht, swing, shuffle, on-beat, off-beat, backbeat

<ul> <li>DINIEKLANKEN</li> <li>combinatie van grondtoon, terts en kwint</li> <li>majeur/groot, mineur/klein, overmatig/plus, verminderd, sus2 en sus4</li> <li>omkeringen: grond-, sext- en kwartsextligging (en slash chords: C/E, C/G,)</li> <li>nauwe en wijde ligging</li> <li>arpeggio/gebroken akkoord</li> <li><u>Akkoordsymbolen</u></li> <li><i>majeur/groot</i> C en mineur/klein C-, Cm, Cmi, Cmin</li> <li><i>sus2</i> Csus2 en sus4 Csus4</li> <li>overmatig/plus C+, C(#5), Caug en verminderd Co, Cmi(b5), Cdim</li> <li><u>VIERKLANKEN</u></li> <li>combinatie van grondtoon, terts, kwint en septiem</li> <li>dominantseptiemakkoord in grond-, kwintsext-, tertskwart- en secundeligging</li> <li>majeur/groot, mineur/klein, verminderd, halfverminderd septiemakkoord in grondligging</li> <li>omkeringen en slash chords, sus, add en omit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>INTERVALLEN/TWEEKLANKEN</li> <li>- intervallen t/m none (prime, secunde, terts, kwart, kwint, sext, septiem, octaaf, none)</li> <li>- verminderd, klein, groot, overmatig, rein</li> <li>- consonant, dissonant</li> <li>- tritonus</li> <li>- enharmonisch gelijke intervallen</li> <li>- intervallen omkeren, complementaire intervallen</li> <li>- melodisch (stijgend en dalend) en harmonisch mineur</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>octaveringstekens (8va, 8vb)</li> <li>zangstemmen en stemmen in vierstemmige harmonieleer: bas, tenor, alt, sopraan</li> <li>enharmonisch gelijke tonen</li> <li>(vaste en toevallige) voortekens (mol, kruis, herstellingsteken)</li> <li>overige voortekens: dubbelmol en dubbelkruis</li> <li>kwintencirkel</li> <li>gelijknamige toonsoorten (dezelfde grondtoon)</li> <li>parallelle toonsoorten (dezelfde voortekening)</li> <li>voortekening van majeur- en mineurtoonsoorten</li> <li>herhalings- en afkortingstekens</li> </ul>
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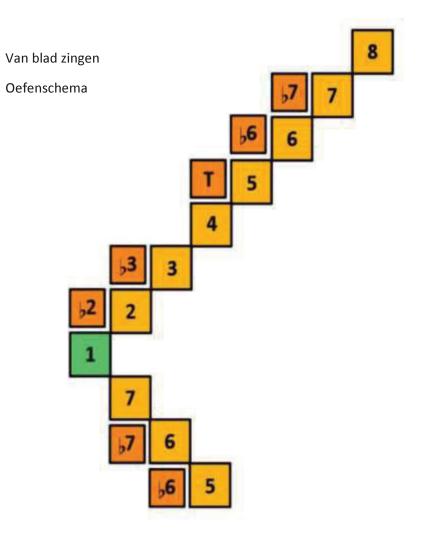
- toevoegingen en alteraties: b5, #5, b9, 9, #9, 10 (bij sus4), 11, #11, b13, 13
- akkoordsymbolen
- majeur/groot СД, СМај7, СМ7, СМА7
- majeur-sext C6
- dominant C7
- 7sus4 C7sus4
- mineur-majeur С-Δ, С-Maj7, СтMaj7, СтΔ, СтіΔ
- mineur/klein C-7, Cm7, Cmi7, Cmin7
- mineur-sext C-6, Cm6, Cmi6, Cmin6
- halfverminderd Cmi7b5, Cø, Cø7
- verminderd Cdim7, Co, Co7
- jazzakkoorden: CΔ#5, C7b5, C6/9, C9sus4, C9, Cmi9, Cmi11, C13, Cadd9, C7alt, CΔ9omit5, C6/D

### TOONLADDERS

- diatonisch, chromatisch
- leidtonen
- majeur en (harmonisch, melodisch en authentiek/zuiver) mineur
- (majeur en mineur) pentatonisch
- kerktoonladders/modi, bluestoonladder, hele-toonstoonladder
- chordscales (akkoordsymbool impliceert toonladder), bijv.: Δ#11 impliceert lydisch

### **TONALITEIT EN HARMONIE**

- hoofdtrappen: tonica (I), dominant (V) en subdominant (IV)
- neventrappen (II, III, VI en VII)
- akkoordprogressies/sequensen en cadensen (authentieke cadens en halfslot)
- benoemen (herkennen) van eenvoudige akkoordprogressies
- stemvoering en guidelines
- moduleren OVERIG
- kennis van de meest gangbare termen en tekens betreffende tempo, dynamiek, articulatie en frasering
- bekendheid met instrumentarium, bezetting en stijlen



### **Toonladders**

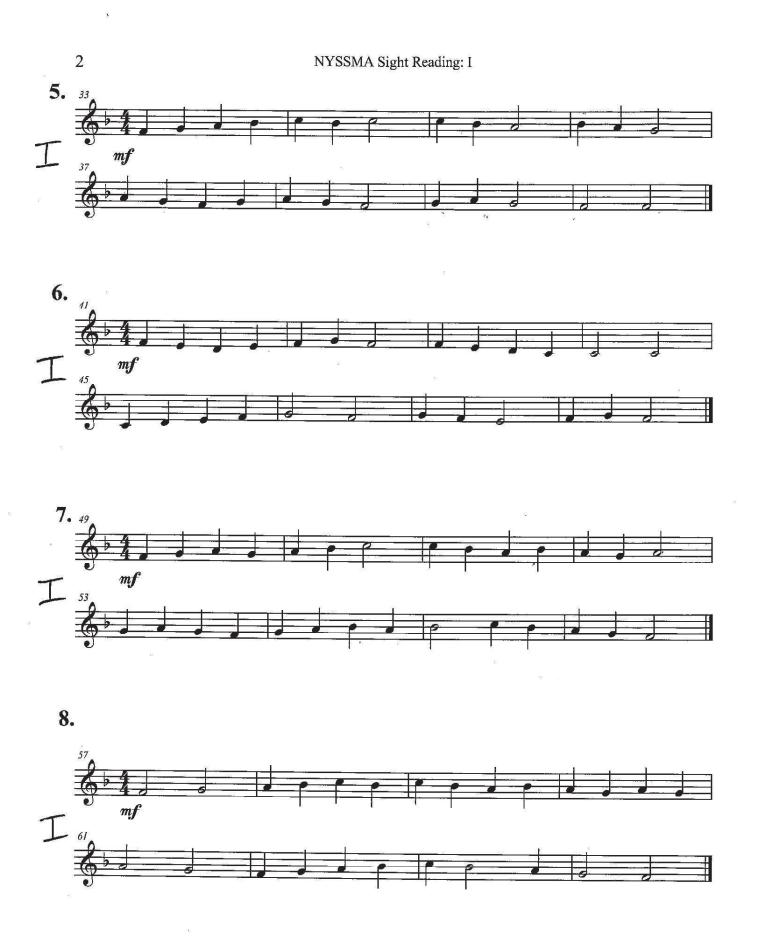
Majeur	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Mineur Oorspronkelijk	1	2	b3	4	5	b6	b7	8
Mineur Harmonisch	1	2	b3	4	5	b6	7	8
Mineur melodisch	1	2	b3	4	5	6	7	8
Blues	1		b3	4 #4	5		b7	8
Pentatonisch	1	2		4	5	6		8
Chromatisch	1 #	#1 2	#2 3	4 #4	5	#5 6	#6 7	8
Heletoons	1	2	3		#4	#5	#6	8

### NYSSMA Sight Reading Level: I 1. Time Signature: 4/4 Range: 5th (Usually Do to Sol) Intervals: None. All notes will move by step 4. Rhythms: Half notes ( ) and Quarter notes ( ). 5. Rests: None 1. mf 2. 9 I mf 13 3. 17 T mf 21



9

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7.22

### **NYSSMA Sight Reading Level: II**

1. Time Signature: 4/4, 2/4

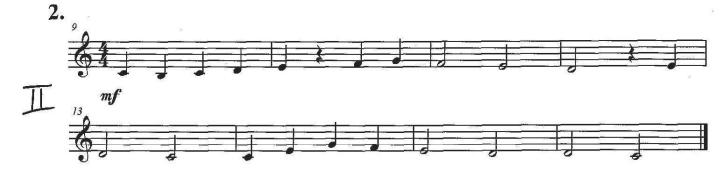
2. Range: 6th (Usually Do to La or Ti to Sol)

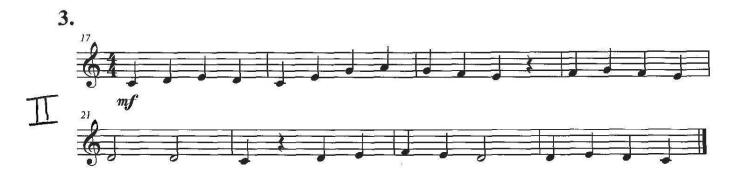
3. Intervals: Do-Mi-Sol (Ascending on quarter notes)

4. Rhythms: Half notes ( ) and Quarter notes ( ).

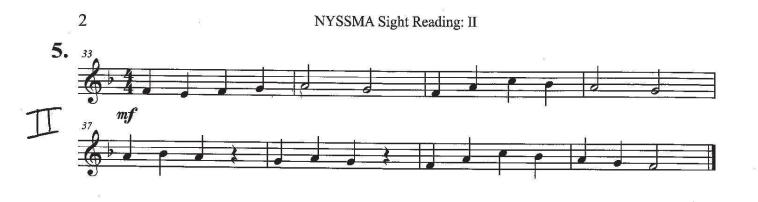
5. Rests: Quarter rest ( )















8.



### **NYSSMA Sight Reading Level: III**

1. Time Signature: 4/4, 2/4, 3/4

2. Range: 6th (Usually Do to La or Ti to Sol)

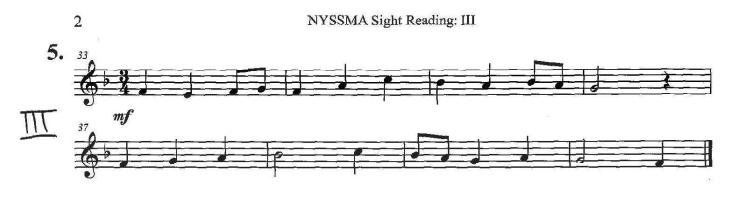
- 3. Intervals: Do-Mi-Sol (Ascending on quarter notes)
- 4. Rhythms: Half notes ( ), Quarter notes ( ), and Eighth notes ( )
- 5. Rests: Quarter rest ( )













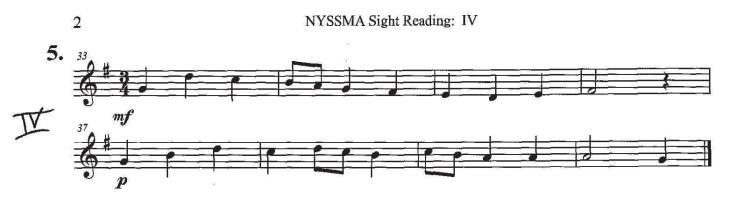




### NYSSMA Sight Reading Level:IV 1. Time Signature: 4/4, 2/4, 3/4 2. Range: Octave (Usually Do to Do) 3. Intervals: Do-Mi-Sol (Ascending on quarter notes) Do-Sol (Ascending on quarter notes) 4. Rhythms: Half notes (), Quarter notes (), and Eighth notes () 5. Rests: Quarter rest ( ) 1. I mf 5 2. 0 W mf 13 p 3. 17 IV mf 21







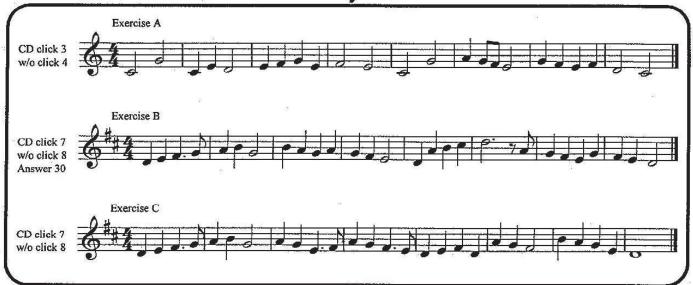




8.

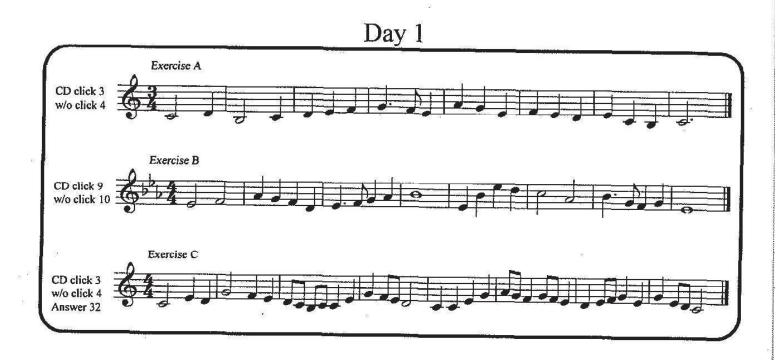


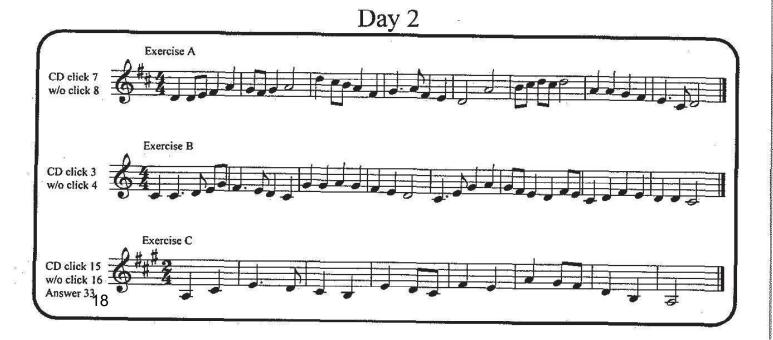


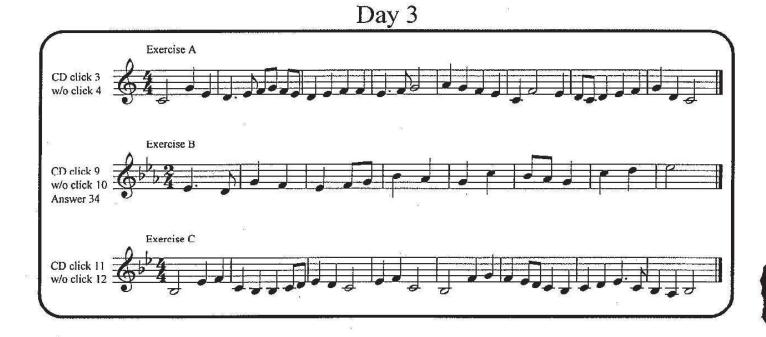




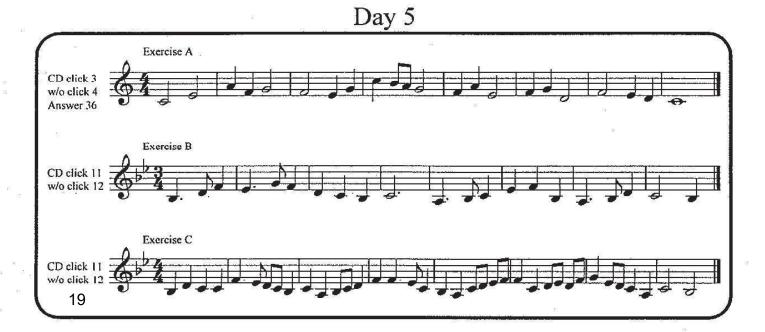
- Sing strongly. It will keep your confidence high.
- Look ahead. Keep your eyes moving to the next group of notes.
  - Do NOT stop! Try to make it through the exercise in thirty seconds.







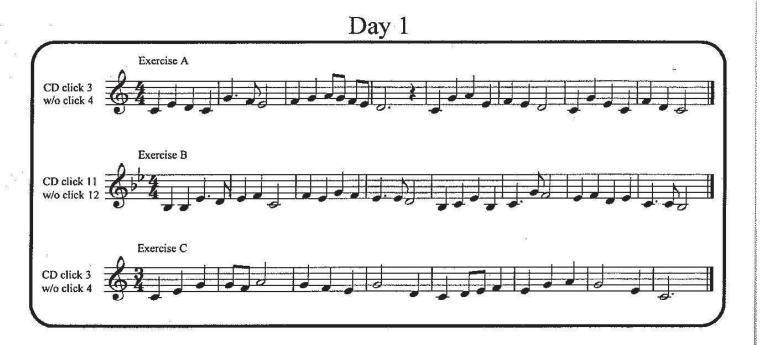




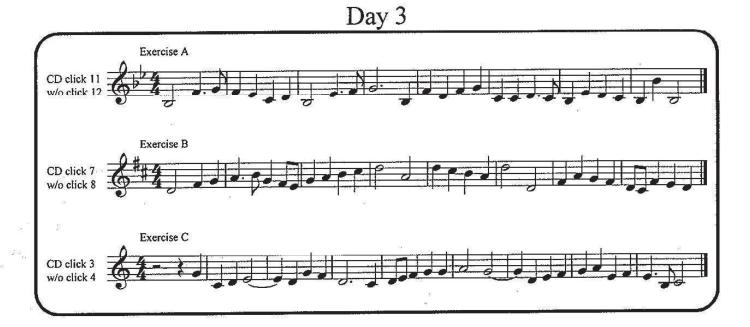
• Always keep the tonic note in your inner ear.

F

If you come to a difficult skip, use "fill-in-theblank" singing. Sing the first note of the interval, then sing every note between it and the second note you are trying to sing as if it were a scale. Sing that twice quickly, then sing the outside two notes by themselves. THAT is your interval.







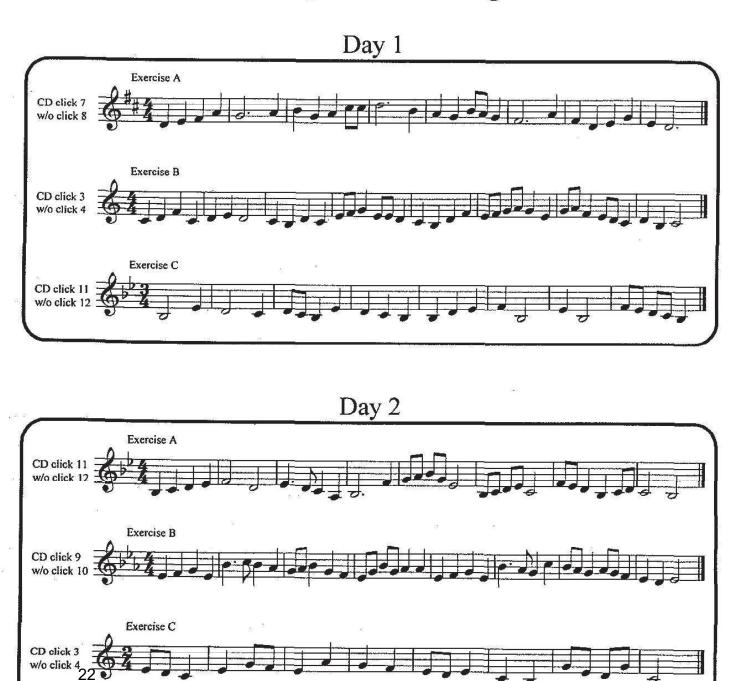




Take a BIG BREATH before you sing the tonic triad.

Take another BIG BREATH before you begin your study period.

Take a slow cleansing breath between the study period and your actual reading. Take a BIG BREATH to begin the final reading.

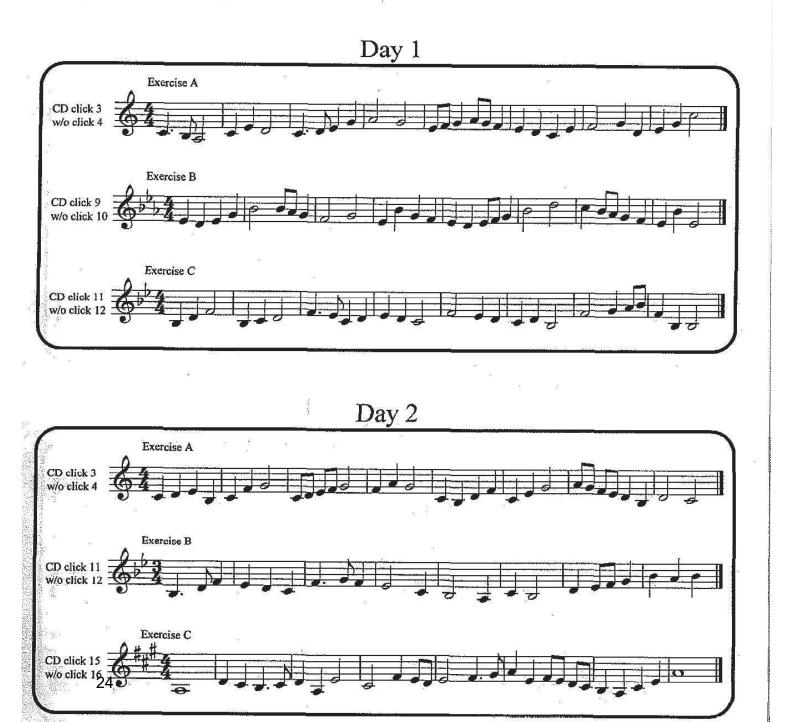


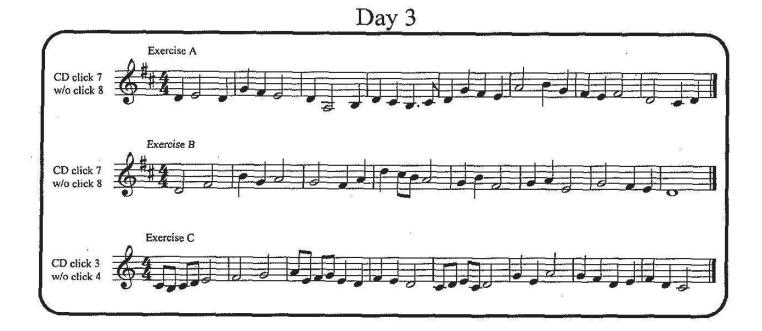






- Learn and use your Kodály hand signs.
  - Keep a steady pulse, moving your arm or hand in tempo.
    - Show pitch level by moving your hand signs up and down as the pitches move up and down.



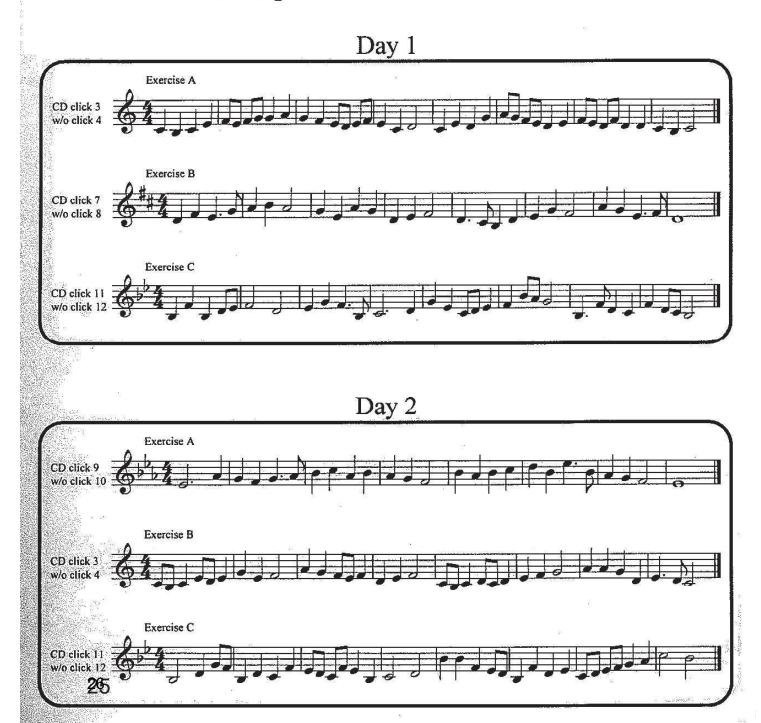


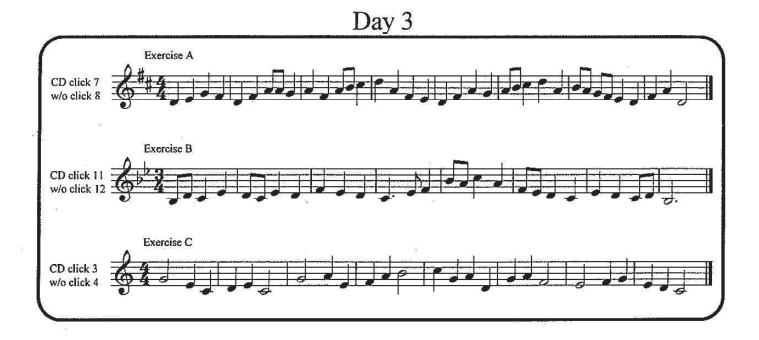
Day 5

Statistical Statistics

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- Remember ... rhythm is one-half of good sight singing. Be comfortable with how rhythm is notated so that you can sing with rhythmic accuracy.
- Your brain processes rhythm faster than pitch. Do NOT rush!
- Be sure to give the final note its full value.





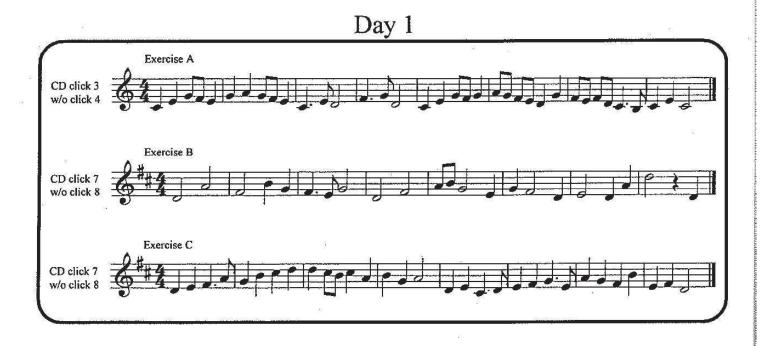




• Know your key signatures. This is necessary so you can quickly locate the tonic note.

• Remember that sometimes the starting pitch will NOT be the tonic note.

Be sure to sing the starting pitch strongly.

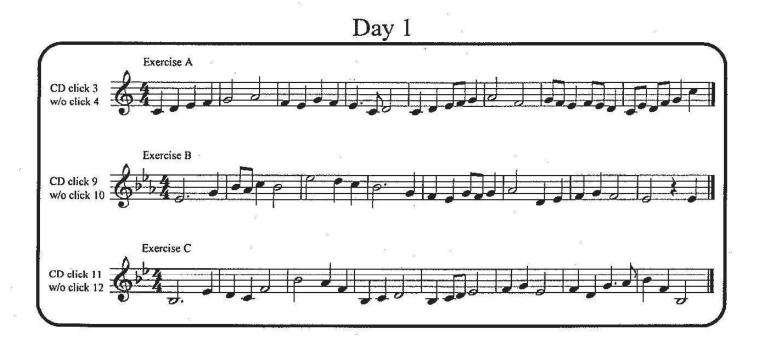




• Alternate practicing with the click track, then without it.

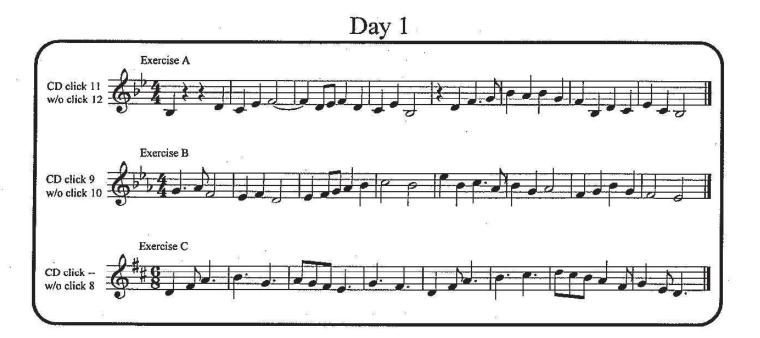
Move slowly and steadily so that your eyes move ahead at an even pace.

• Do not stop in your actual reading. Pauses are rhythmic mistakes.

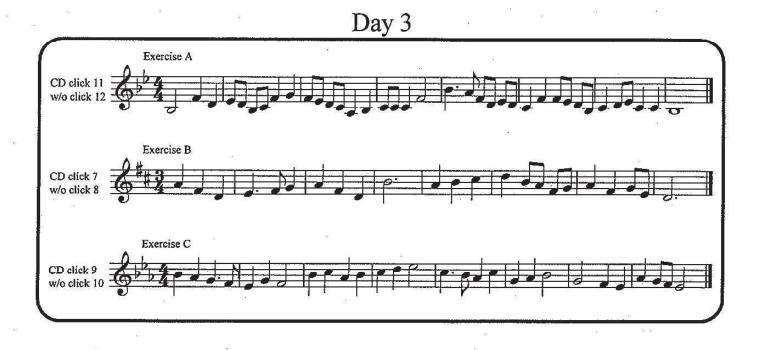




- Confidence is everything in sight singing.
- Tell yourself that you will improve each day.
- Judge yourself fairly. Do not be overcritical of yourself when you make a mistake. Remember, this is only practice.



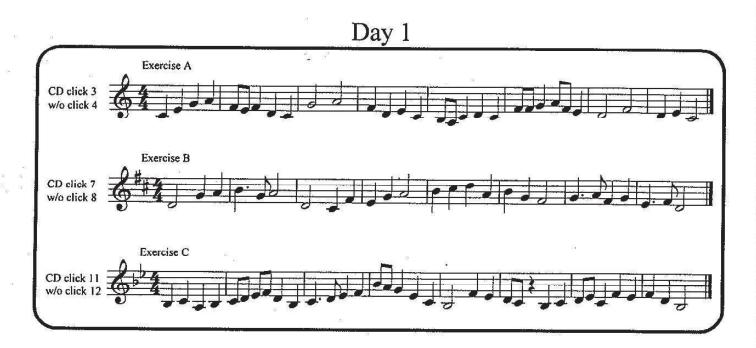




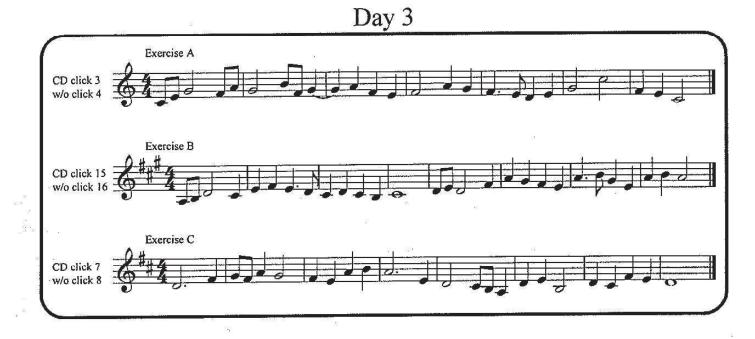


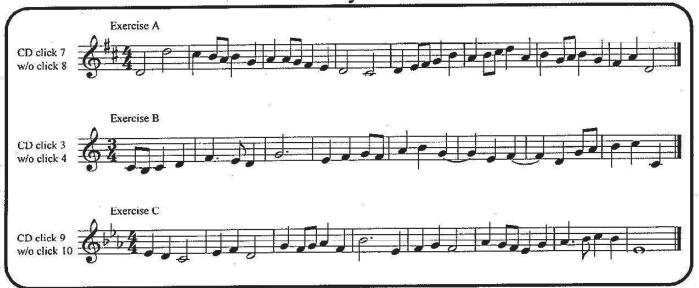


- Check your key AND meter signatures before you begin.
  - Using your key signature and tonic triad, find the starting pitch. Remember that sometime the starting pitch will NOT be the tonic note.
- Sight singing is great "sport." Have fun. Judge yourself. Get stronger every day!







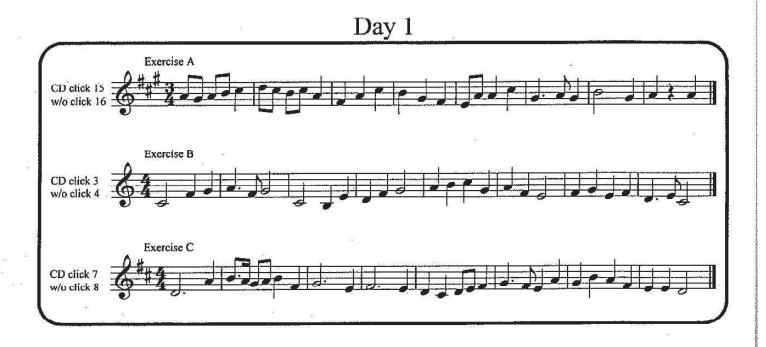








- Listen to yourself as you sing.
- Go as quickly as you can hear the pitches in your "ear-magination."
- Progress is made a step at a time. Practice each day using the same process, and you will experience success over time.



Day 2 CD click 3 W/o click 4 Exercise B CD click 11 W/o click 12 Exercise C CD click 9 W/o click 10 34









• Scan the entire exercise for tricky rhythm patterns.

During the study period, go fast, yet steadily.

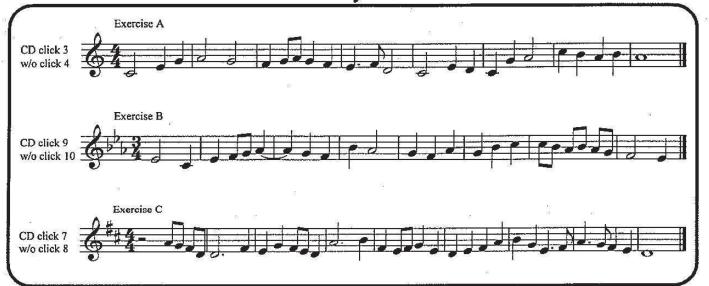
S...l...o...w......d...o...w...n.....during the actual reading.





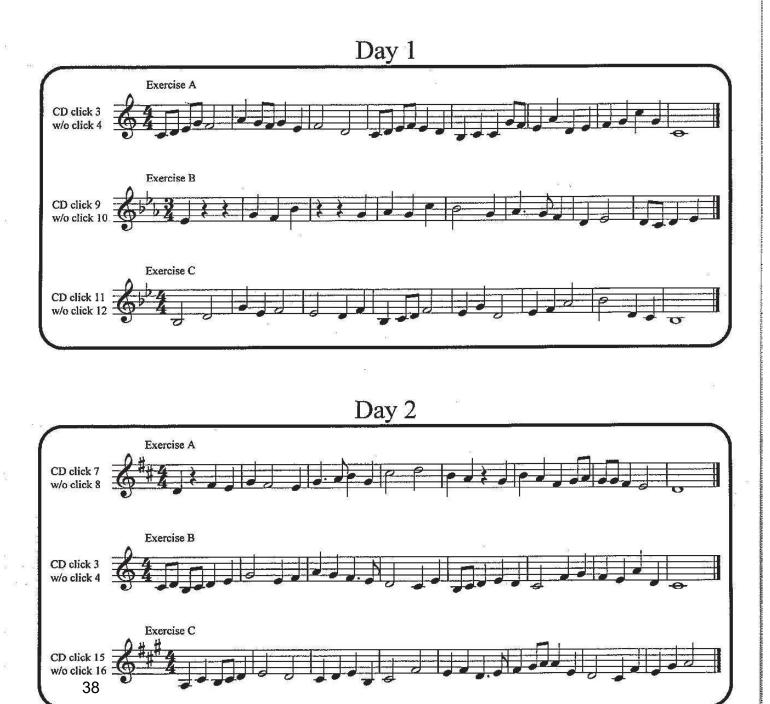


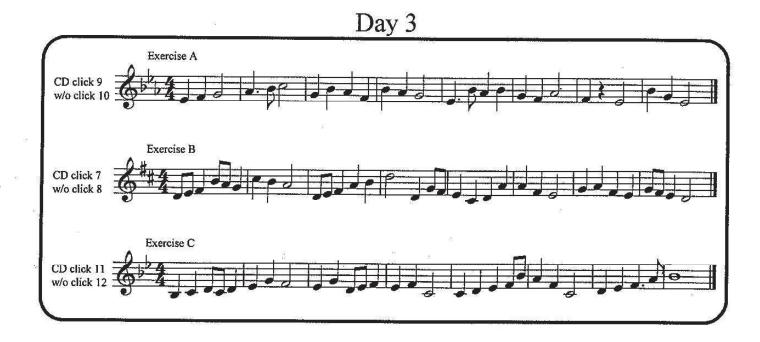






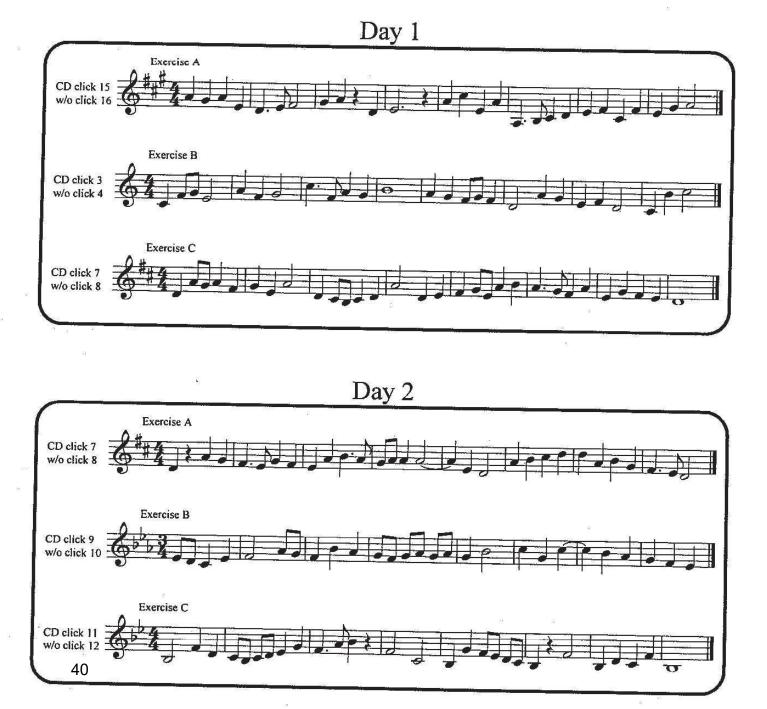
- Sing your tune-up very strong and confidently.
- Take another BIG BREATH before you begin your study period.
- Tune STRONGLY, then study QUICKLY, so that you efficiently scan the entire exercise.

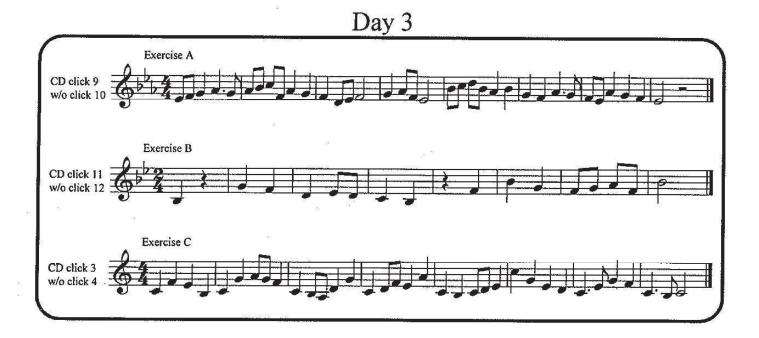






- Scan the entire exercise quickly before you start the study period.
- Study aggressively ... Move purposely ... Sing the difficult spots more than once.
- During performance . . . sing at a <u>slow</u>, <u>even</u> pace. Practice with the click track.

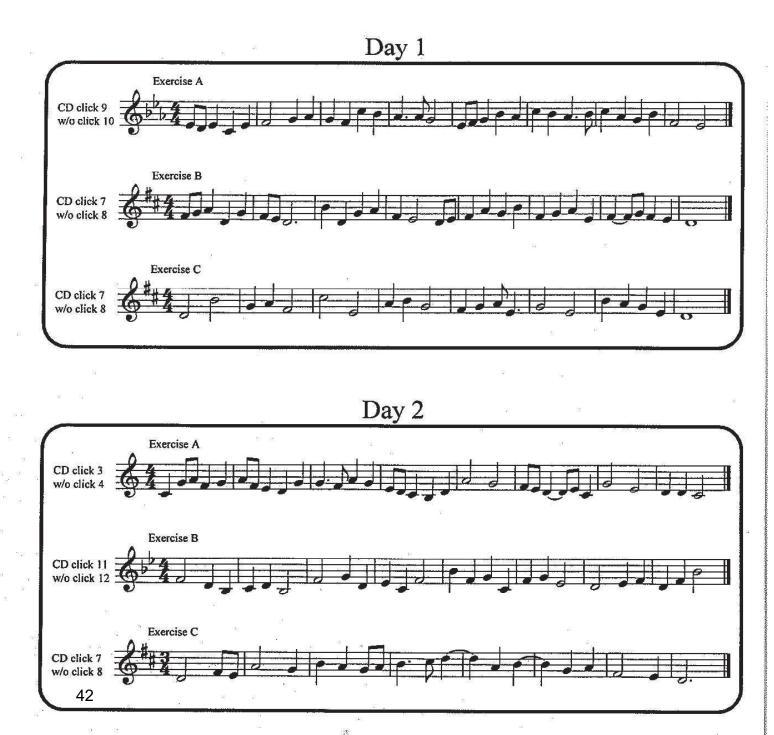






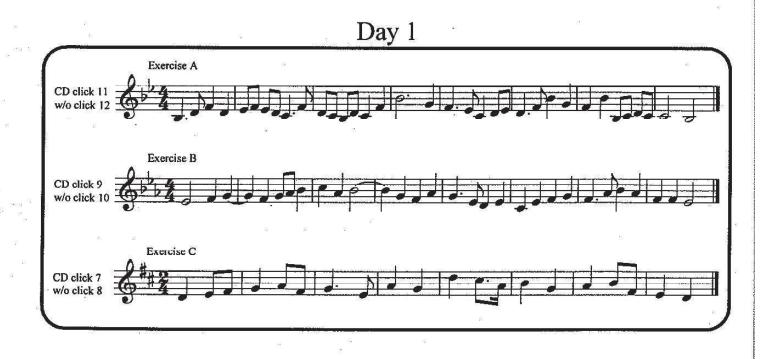
Sing during the study period. Do not study silently.

Rehearse confidently so you will perform the same way.



- Keep your eyes moving from left to right.
- Remember to use "fill-in-the-blank" singing for the difficult intervals.

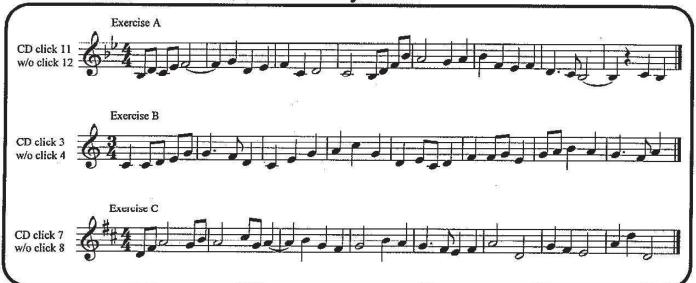
Use your hand signs deliberately! Show pitch level with level of hand signs.







Day 4



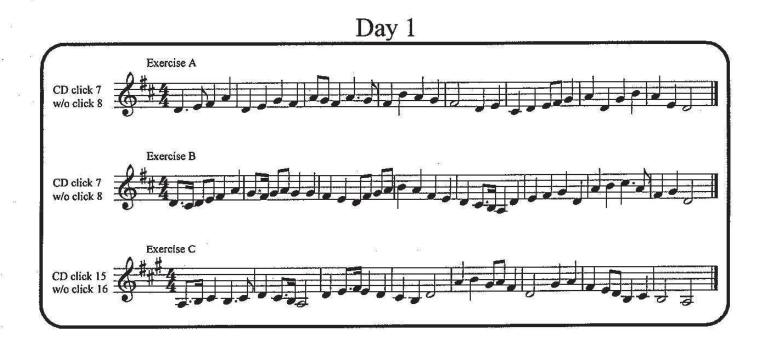




• Use the same practice routine every day! Rehearse in the proper sequence to obtain the maximum benefit.

• Tune STRONGLY, then study QUICKLY, so that you efficiently scan the entire exercise.

Read at a DELIBERATE pace . . . Don't Stop!







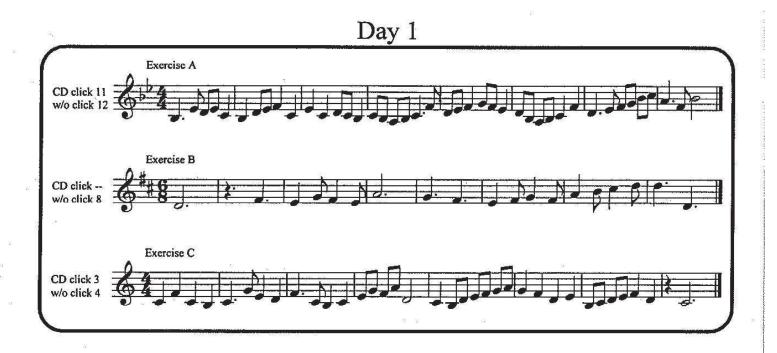






- Remember, practice will make you a more literate musician.
- Your hard work will take time to pay off. BE PATIENT!

You are developing a life-long skill for more musical pleasure. BRAVO!



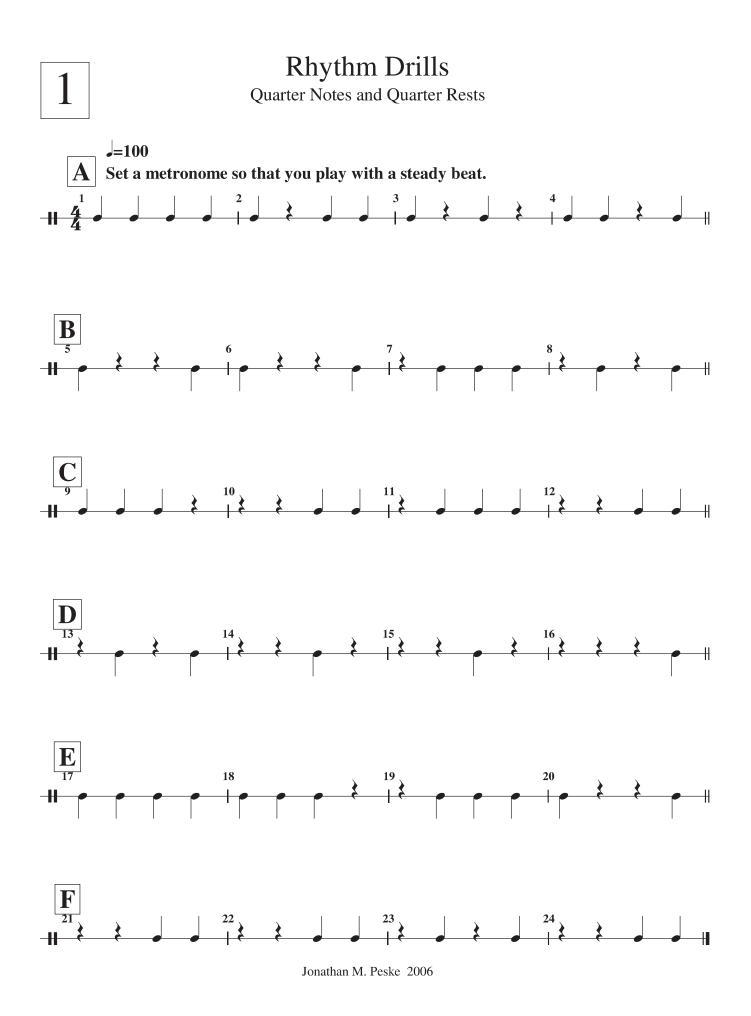


Day 3



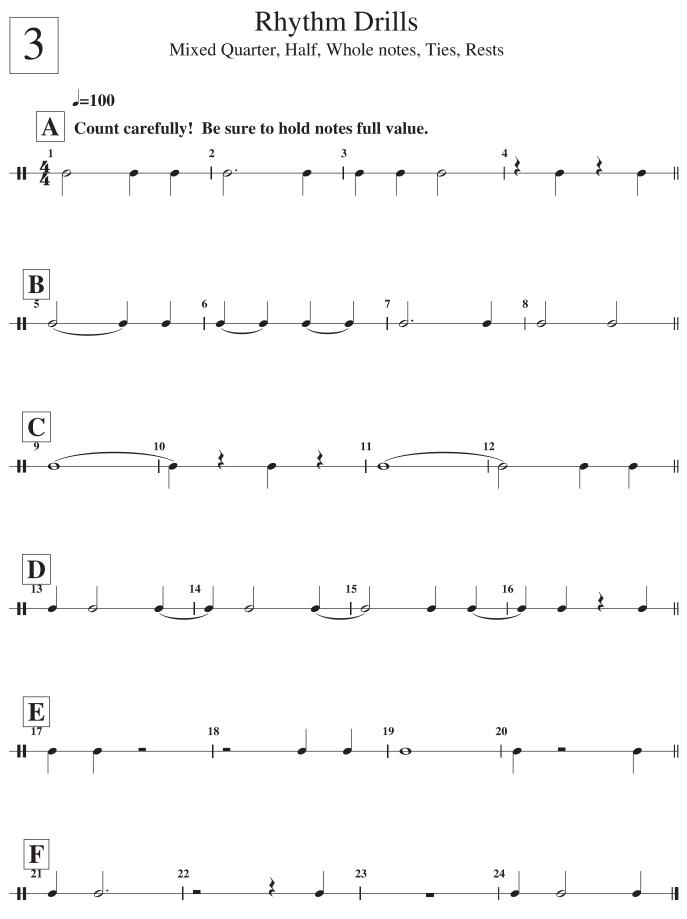


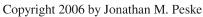


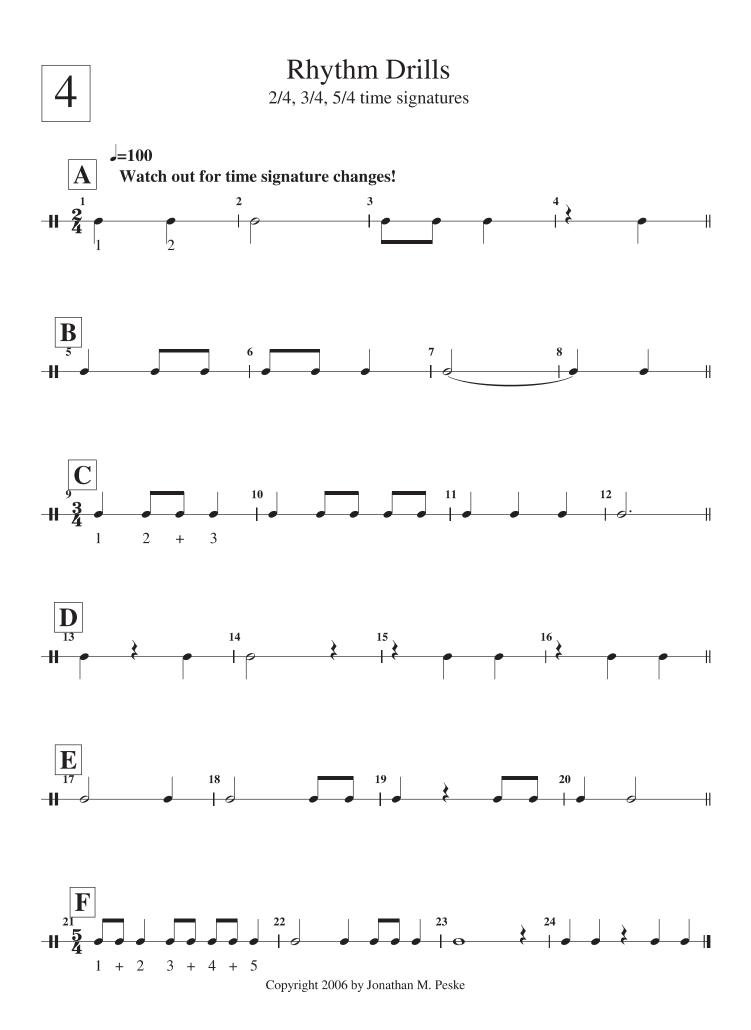


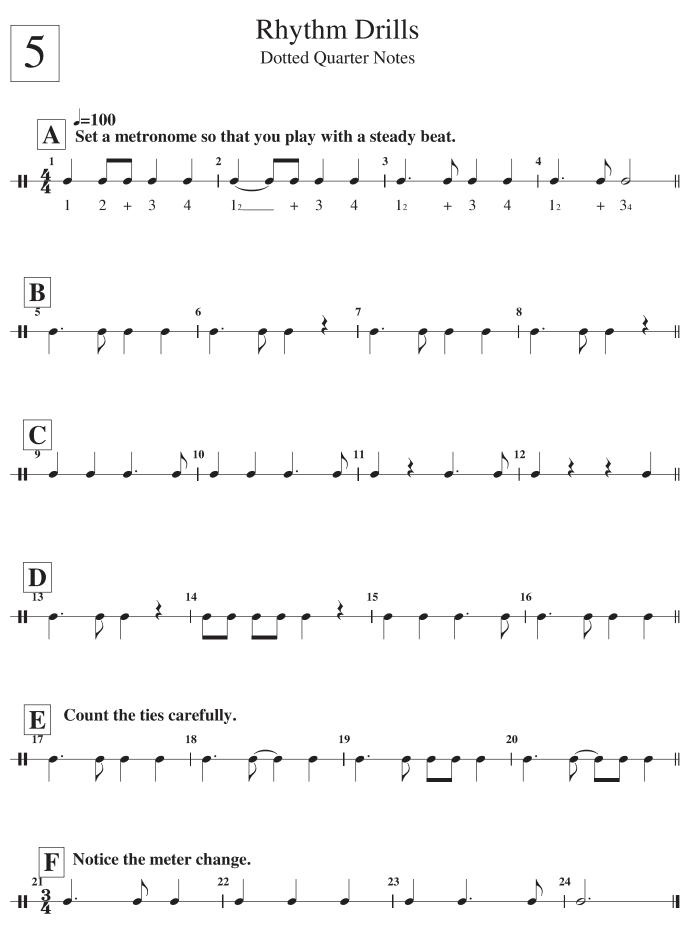


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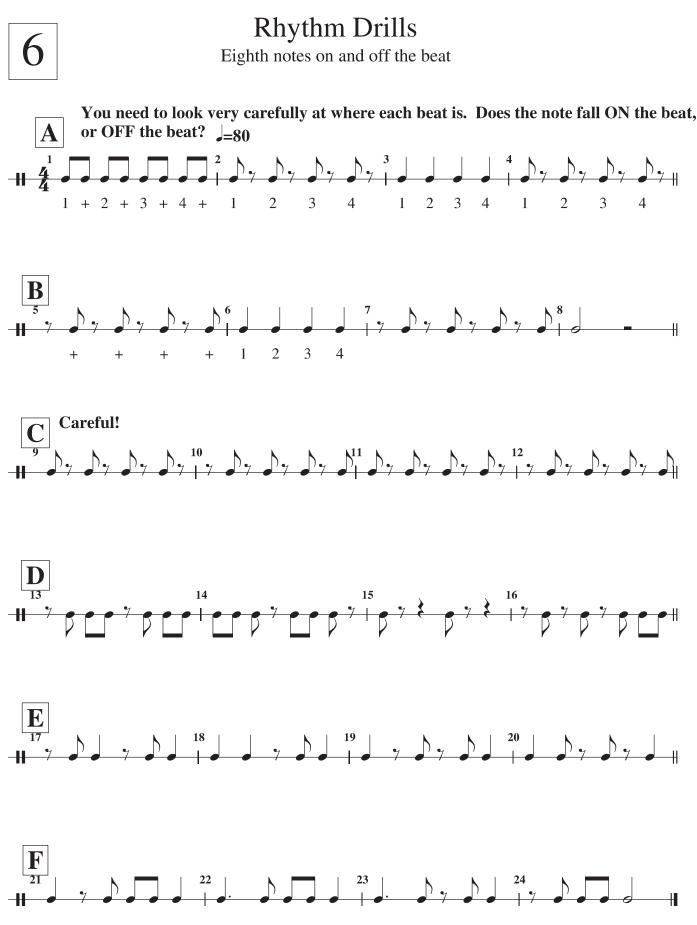


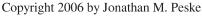




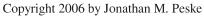


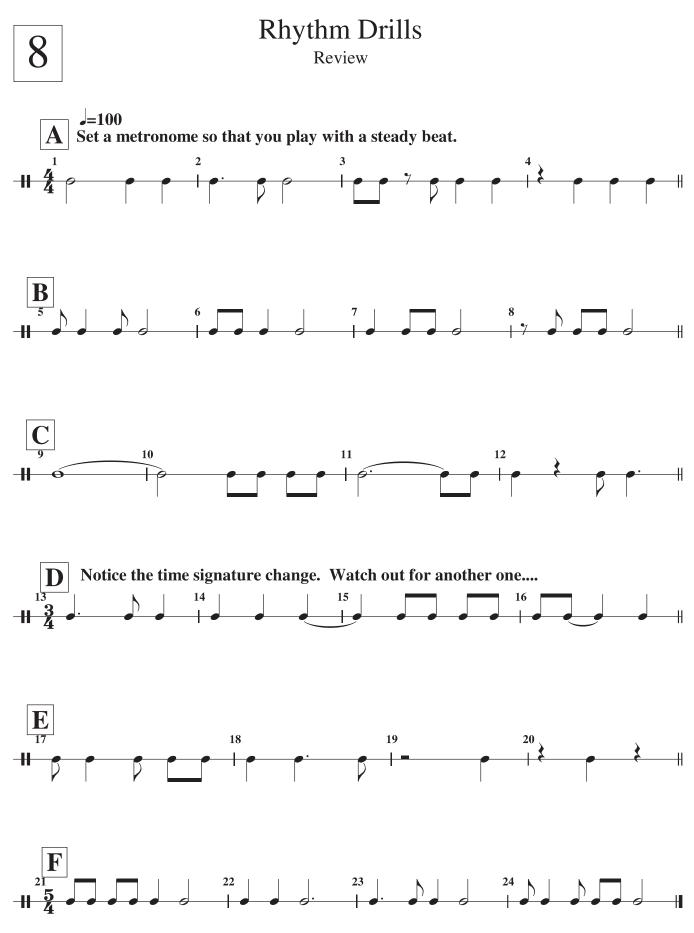
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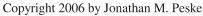






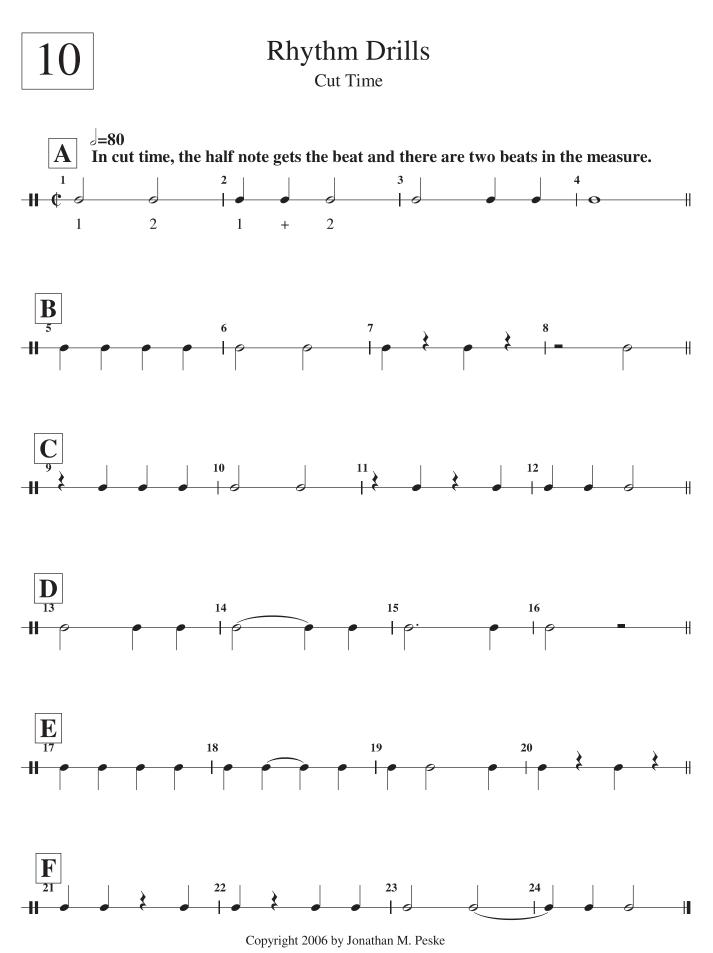


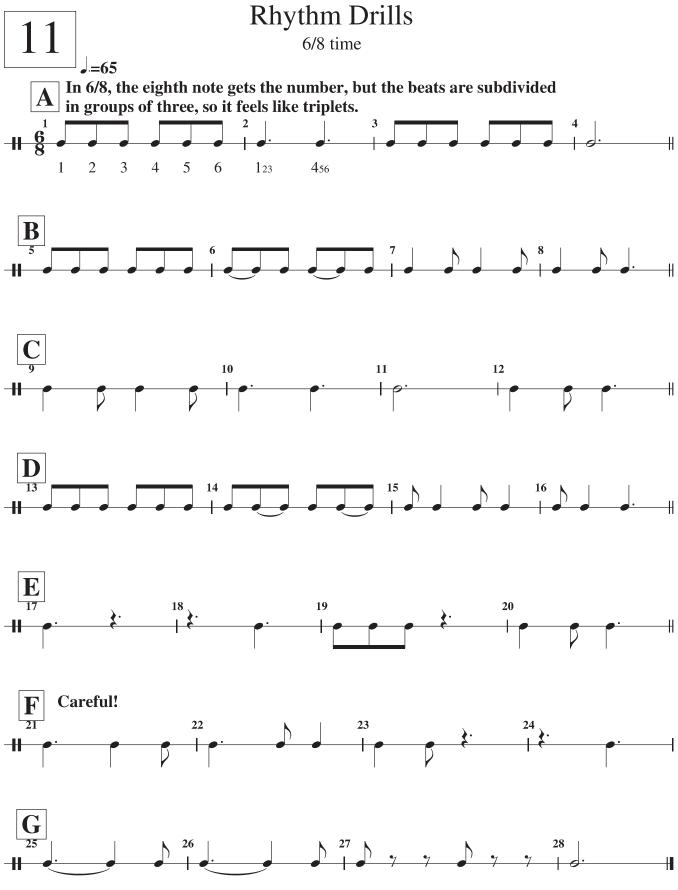




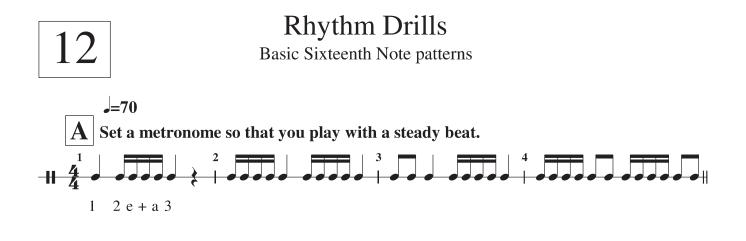


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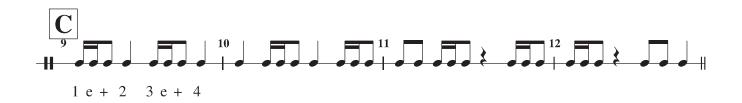




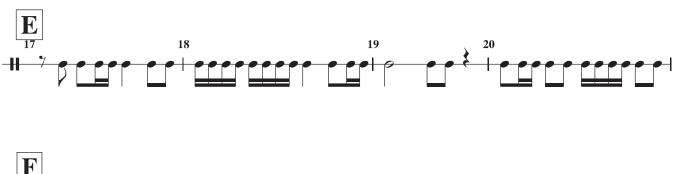
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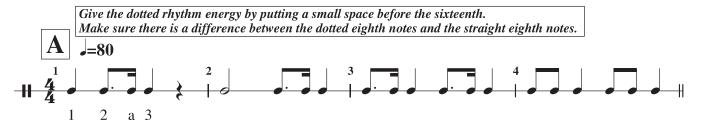


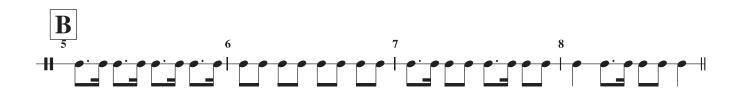


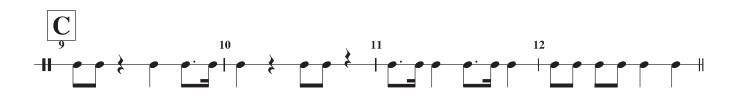


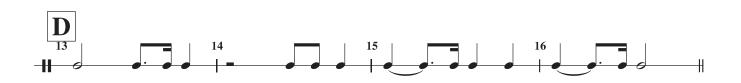
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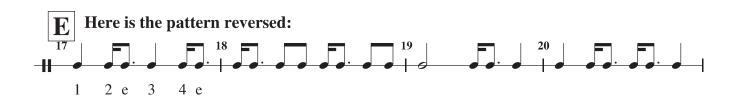


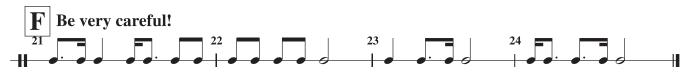




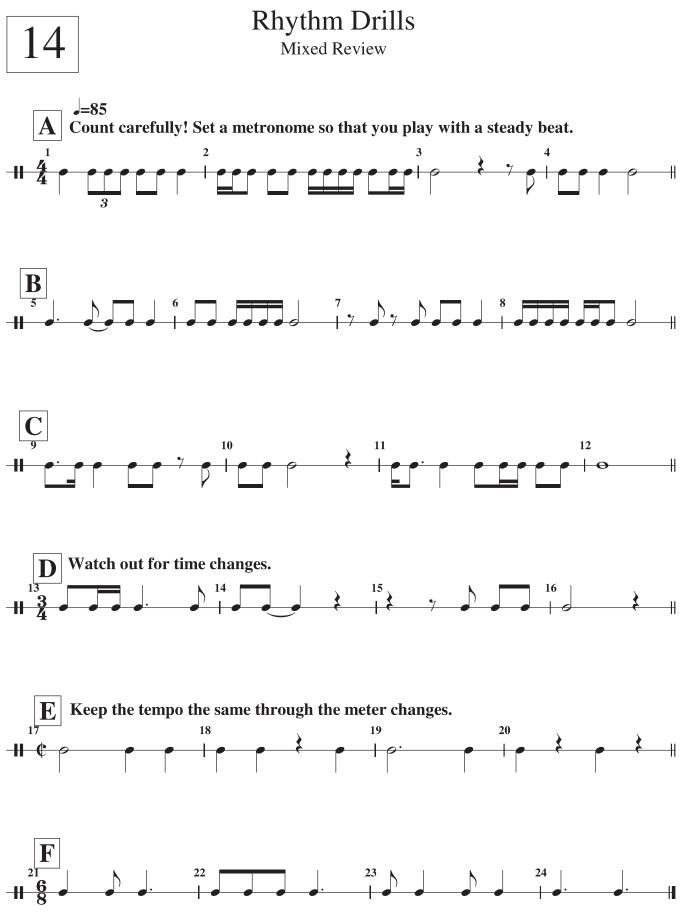


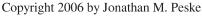


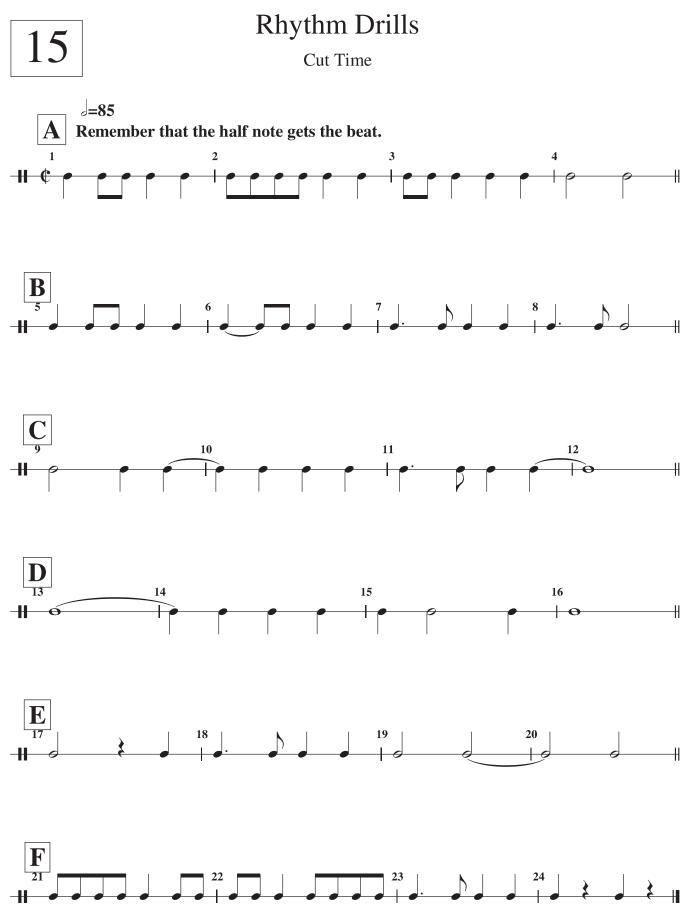




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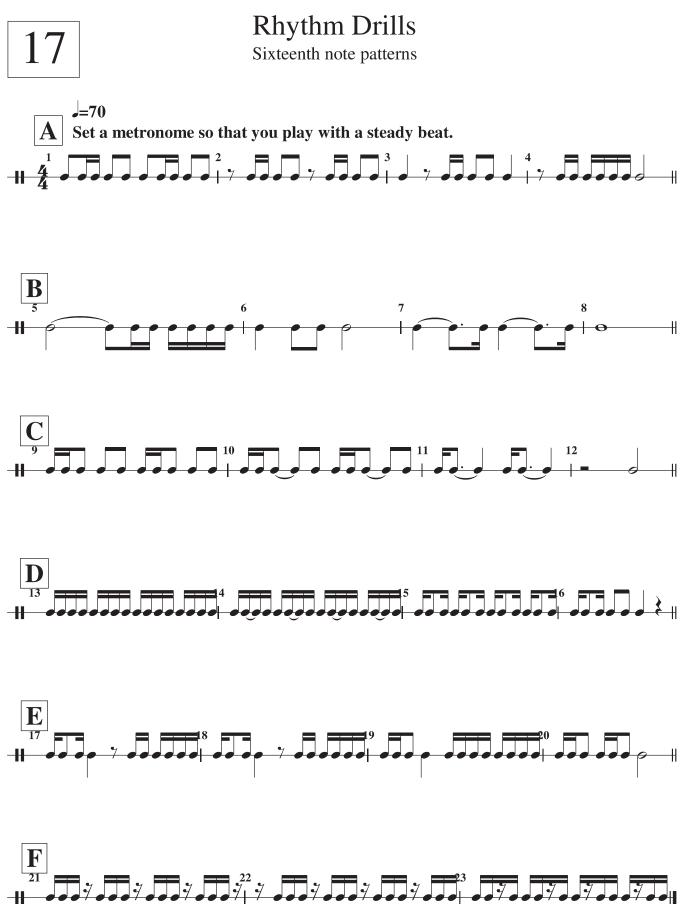




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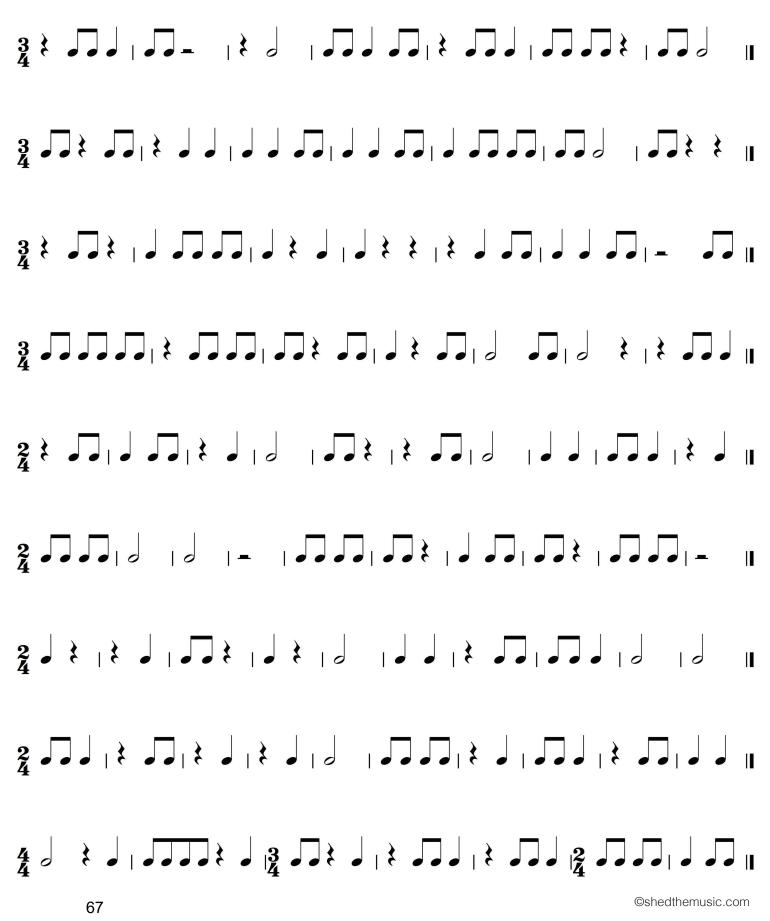
# **Unsyncopated Eighth Note Rhythms 1**

Write in the counts and circles to these rhythms

$\frac{4}{4}\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi} = $

# **Unsyncopated Eighth Note Rhythms 2**

Practice counting and clapping these rhythms. Make sure to observe the changing time signatures.



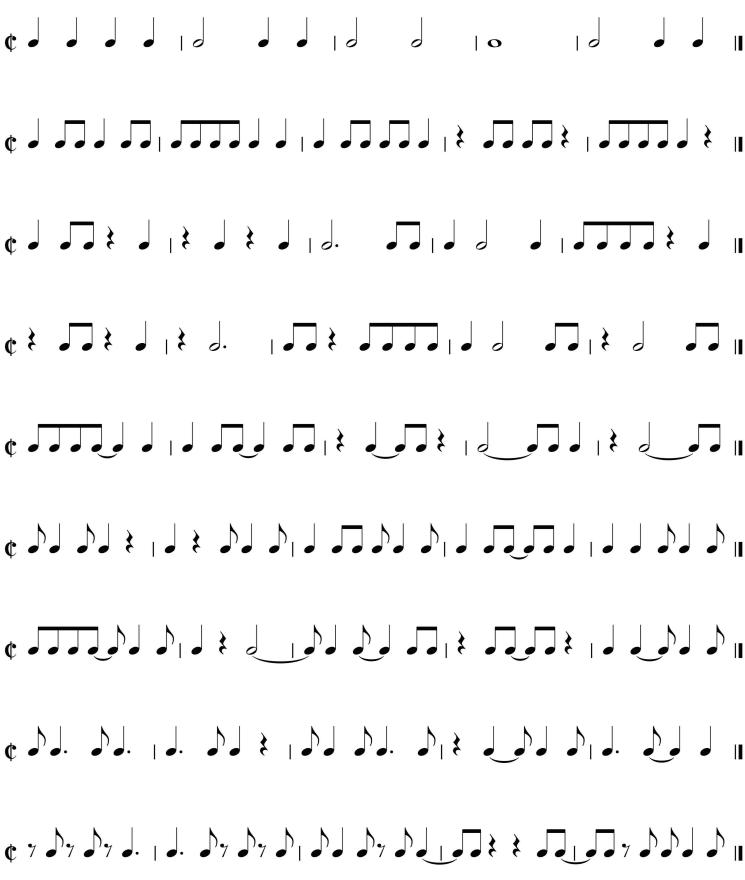


68



# **Progressive Cut Time Study**

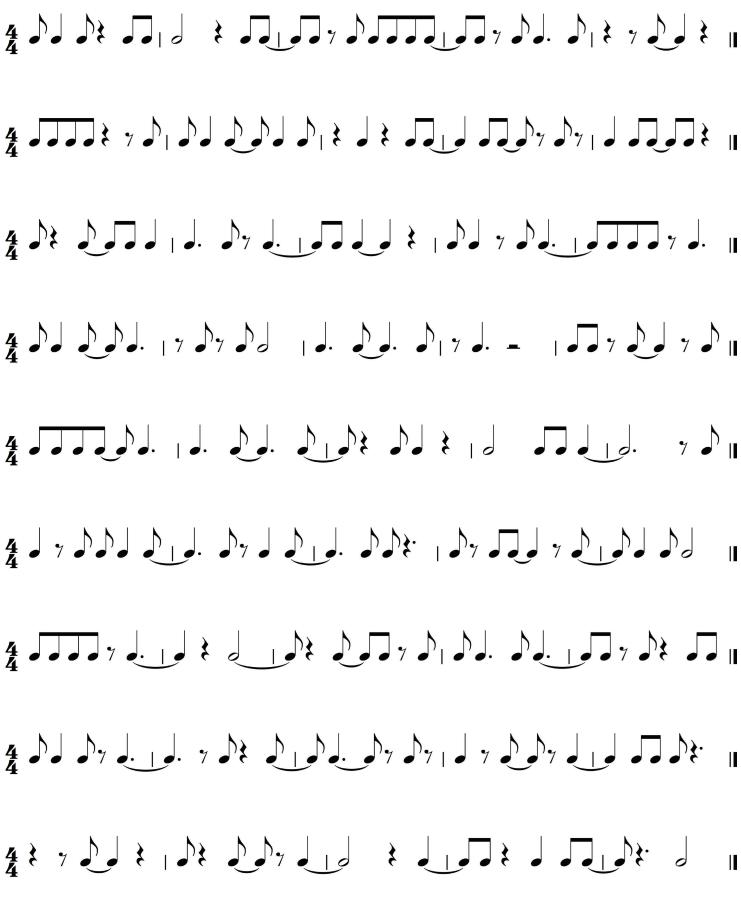
Practice counting and clapping these rhythms. Count them in 4/4 time while feeling the beat on one and three.



# **Eighth Note Syncopated Rhythms 1**

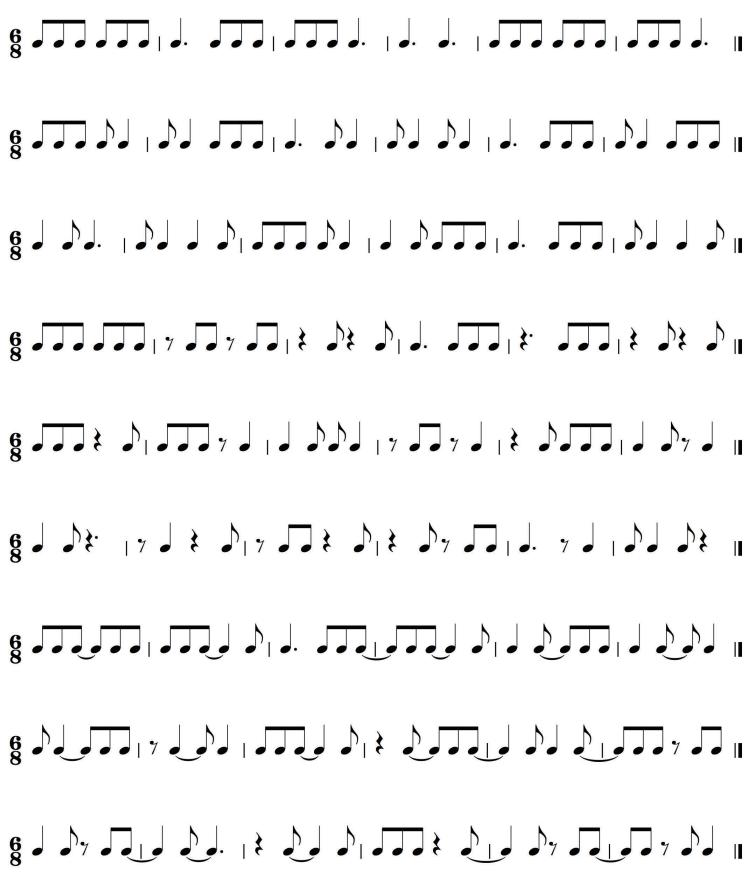
Write in the counts and circles to these rhythms

71



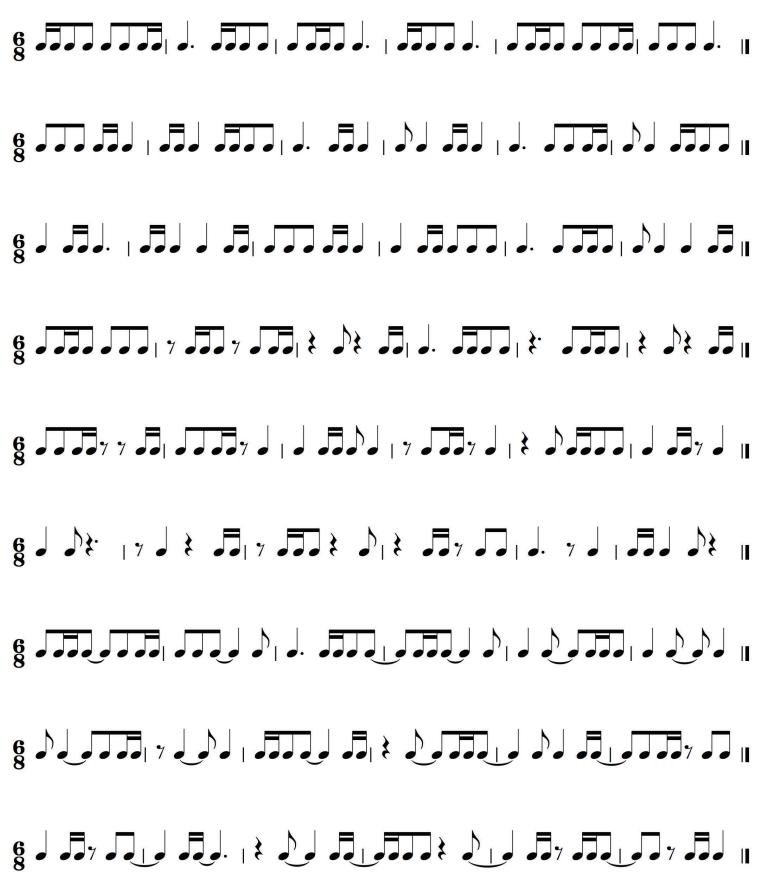
# **Progressive Compound Meter Study 1**

Practice counting and clapping these rhythms. Feel the beat on numbers one and four while counting 1 2 3 4 5 6.



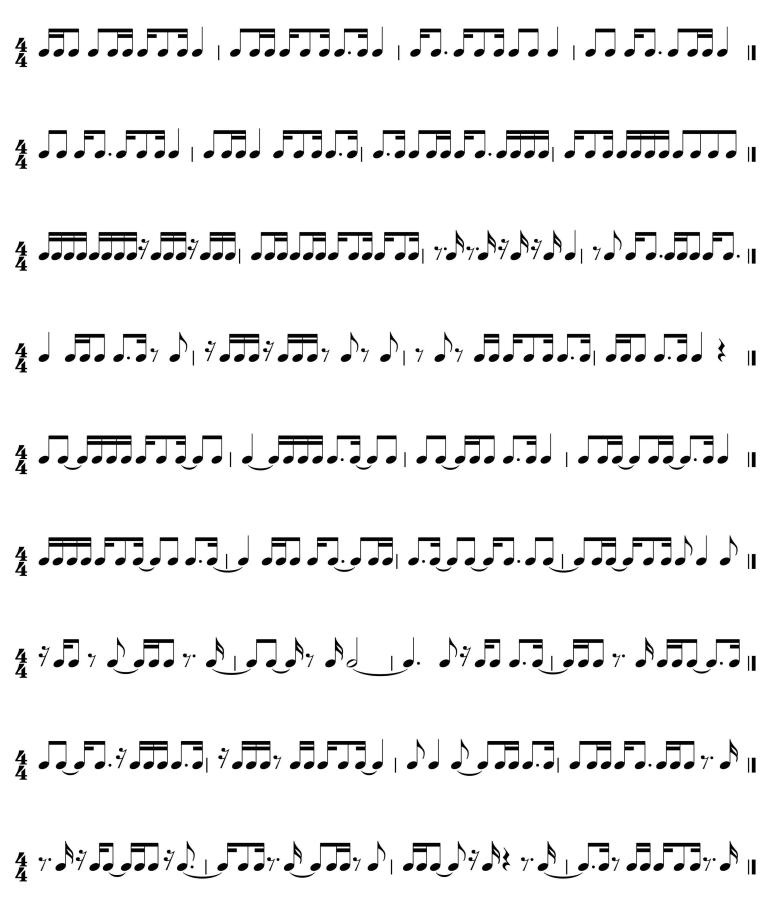
# **Progressive Compound Meter Study 2**

Practice counting and clapping these rhythms. Feel the beat on numbers one and four while counting 1 2 3 4 5 6. Sixteenth notes are counted as "ands."



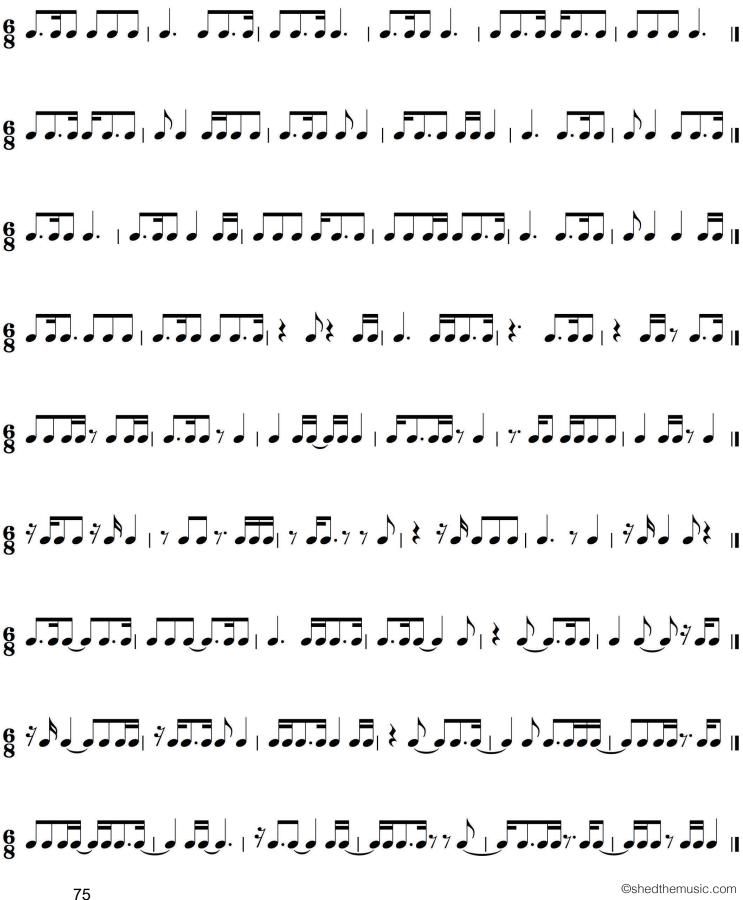
## **Syncopated Sixteenth Practice**

Practice counting and clapping these rhythms. Write in the counts if needed.



# **Progressive Compound Meter Study 3**

Practice counting and clapping these rhythms. Feel the beat on numbers one and four while counting 1 2 3 4 5 6. Sixteenth notes are counted as "ands."



<sup>©</sup>shedthemusic.com

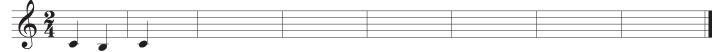
https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLD1Aar3W8Px\_M37etZPyCguxClOPzz0CZ

### Easy Melodie noteren via YouTube

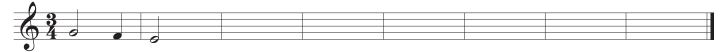
Melodic Dictation #1: Stepwise motion only (Easy)



Melodic Dictation #2: Stepwise motion only (Easy)



Melodic Dictation #3: Diatonic (Easy)



Melodic Dictation #4: Diatonic (Easy)



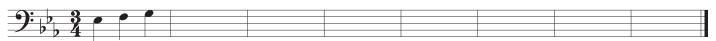
Melodic Dictation #5: Diatonic (Easy)



Melodic Dictation #6: Diatonic (Easy)



Melodic Dictation #7: Diatonic (Easy)



https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLD1Aar3W8Px845TA4MVyr3H3FPDZRzmoe

The following melodic dictation exercises can be found on the Aural Skills Guru YouTube channel under the Original ASG Melodic Dictations Playlists:

### Diatonic Melodic Dictation (Moderate)

Melodic Dictation #8: 8 measures (Easy)



Melodic Dictation #9: 8 measures (Intermediate)



Melodic Dictation #10: 8 measures (Intermediate)



Melodic Dictation #11: 8 measures (Intermediate)



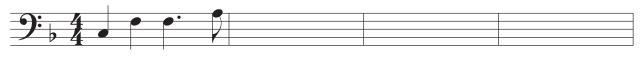
https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLD1Aar3W8Px-32OJ5PB41qOn9lf-vx5Uv

The following melodic dictation exercises can be found on the Aural Skills Guru YouTube channel under the Original ASG Melodic Dictations Playlists:

### Diatonic Melodic Dictation (Advanced)

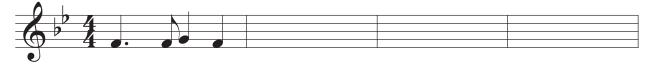
Melodic Dictation #12: 8 measures (Intermediate) Melodic Dictation #13: 8 measures (Intermediate) Melodic Dictation #14: 8 measures (Intermediate) Melodic Dictation #15: 8 measures (Advanced)

Melodic Dictation #16: 8 measures (Advanced)



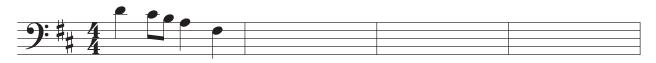


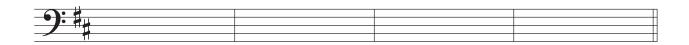
#### Melodic Dictation #17: 8 measures (Advanced)



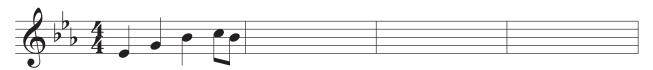


Melodic Dictation #18: 8 measures (Advanced)





Melodic Dictation #19: 8 measures (Advanced)



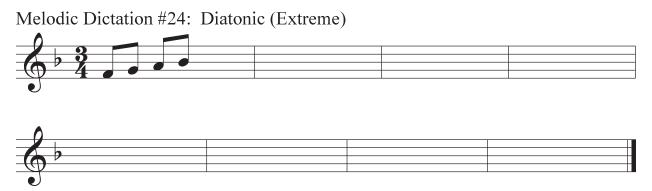


## https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=V5s16bPU8JQ&list=PLD1Aar3W8Px-kcT4dY\_LA9Zl4nqQhM1jh

### Very Advanced Diatonic Melodies

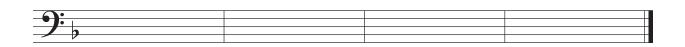


#### YouTube.com/AuralSkillsGuru



#### Melodic Dictation #25: Diatonic (Extreme)





Melodic Dictation #26: Diatonic (Extreme)





Melodic Dictation #27: Diatonic (OMG that's difficult!!)

